



**PRIORITY TASKS OF PROVISION OF WOMEN PARTICIPATION THROUGH
GENDER EQUALITY IN THE ACTIVITIES OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES
DURING THE YEARS OF INDEPENDENCE**

Rustamova Zamira Boboqulovna
independent researcher
Karshi engineering economics institute

Annotation: This article talks about the gender issue in the experience of world countries, its history, including the ongoing reforms to ensure women's rights. In addition, in the years of independence in Uzbekistan, the participation of women in the activities of internal affairs bodies, the great work done to achieve gender equality, as well as the social protection of the family, motherhood and child protection, were emphasized.

Key words: gender, internal affairs bodies, gender equality, social protection, women's rights, feminists.

**ПРИОРИТЕТНЫЕ ЗАДАЧИ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЯ УЧАСТИЯ ЖЕНЩИН ЧЕРЕЗ
ГЕНДЕРНОЕ РАВЕНСТВО В ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТИ ОРГАНОВ ВНУТРЕННИХ ДЕЛ В
ГОДЫ НЕЗАВИСИМОСТИ**

Рустамова Замира Бобокуловна
независимый исследователь
Каршинский инженерно-экономический институт

Аннотация: В данной статье рассматривается гендерный вопрос в опытах стран мира, его история, в том числе проводимые реформы по обеспечению прав женщин. Кроме того, в годы независимости в Узбекистане большое внимание уделялось участию женщин в деятельности органов внутренних дел, проводимой большой работе по достижению гендерного равенства, а также вопросам социальной защиты семьи, охраны материнства и детства.

Ключевые слова: гендер, органы внутренних дел, гендерное равенство, социальная защита, права женщин, феминистки.

Currently, great opportunities for building a new Uzbekistan are being created in our country, and intensive reforms are ongoing.

The main goal of the democratic reforms implemented within the framework of the Strategy of Actions on the five priority directions of the development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021, which means that our country has taken a firm step into a new stage of development, is the highest human, his rights and freedoms, legal interests. value



In our democratic society, where human rights and freedoms are the highest values, the rights of women and their legal interests for their full realization are protected by the state. As the President noted, "Respecting women and showing respect to women is a noble value characteristic of our nation." Earlier, women were seen only as housewives or mothers who spend their whole lives for their children, but today this approach has literally changed. Today's woman is a woman of the 20th century, who organizes the family and is active in public affairs.

Today, they are active deputies in state administration, they are ministers who can support the state in administrative work, politicians, lawyers who restore violated rights and interests, and entrepreneurs who provide employment to thousands of people like themselves. In our country, guarantees of women's rights and interests are firmly established in our basic law. In particular, Article 18 of our Constitution establishes the equality of citizens of Uzbekistan, regardless of gender, before the law, while Article 46 establishes the equal rights of women with men.

Today, 24 women are working as deputies in the system of our Supreme Legislative Power, which is 16 percent. Almost two times less than the legal amount. Of course, it will be difficult to get almost all of them elected if only 31 percent of the candidates are nominated for the post of deputy. However, sooner or later we must achieve the implementation of the norm established in this law. Today, the number of female deputies in Rwanda is 61.3%, in Cuba it is 53.2%, in Switzerland it is 46.1%, and in our country it is 16%.

The fact that Uzbekistan took 128th place in the UN study on the participation of women in parliament is a clear proof of the above opinion. In order to solve this problem, it is necessary to create a layer of all-round excellent female leaders who can participate in state management, who are active, knowledgeable, and have strong enlightenment. It is not wrong to say that it is necessary to help women fully realize the opportunities created for them.

Today, the head of state in 10 countries and the head of government in 11 of the world are women. The latest composition of the French government consists of 22 people, 11 of whom are women, which can be called a true celebration of gender equality. In our country, this indicator still shows very low numbers.

We have to admit that fifteen women working selflessly in the fields of production, education, health care, and agriculture received the title "Heroes of Uzbekistan" and many of our sisters received state awards, including 514 doctors of science, 6 academicians. The fact that there are thousands of candidates of science, especially the establishment of the Zulfiya State Award for our girls, and the fact that up to now about 300 talented people have been awarded this award, is literally an example of the high attention shown to them.

It is certainly a good thing that women make up 72% of employees working in the fields of science, education, health care, and social services.

It is up to us, today's women, to increase these numbers.

We are fully aware that the view that if a woman is beautiful - the world is beautiful, if a woman is happy - the family and the whole society will be happy, it is getting deep into our consciousness and becoming our life philosophy.

Consequently, in 1991, the Women's Committee of Uzbekistan was established based on the initiative of the head of our country to create a system of working with women. Today, as a



large public organization, it is particularly active in communicating the state policy on women to the population, strengthening its cooperation with state and public organizations, promoting new ideas and initiatives related to the social activity of our sisters, and ensuring the implementation of the programs and documents in these directions.

In order to further improve the activities of the Women's Committee, the following tasks should be carried out:

1. To expand the number of states available in the Committee, to ensure the availability of legal staff in order to provide legal advice to women;
2. Shortening the terms of punishment for women who have committed offenses or crimes based on the guarantee of the Women's Committee;
3. Due to the large number of cases of suicide among school and college students, to determine their psychological condition through various surveys and to establish the correct explanation of religious enlightenment and etiquette rules;
4. Prevention of early life situations;
5. Encouragement of girls studying in HEIs by the committee;
6. We rely on established legal norms and laws to perform other such tasks.

In what documents are the main guarantees of women's rights reflected in our country? The norms of the UN Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination of Women's Rights, the Political Rights of Women, the International Labor Organization's Convention on the Protection of Motherhood, the Convention on Discrimination in the Field of Labor and Employment and a number of other international documents are also reflected in the national legislation of Uzbekistan and is being implemented consistently.

According to Article 141 of the Criminal Code, failure to hire a person because of his gender is a reason for holding him accountable. We often find similar norms in sources such as the Family Code and the Labor Code.

It can be clearly seen in the example of the increase of 1.6 times the share of women leading small businesses and private enterprises in the last ten years. We can say that the loans allocated for women were a special impetus for this.

1999 is the Year of Women in order to improve the system of protection of legal, social and spiritual interests of women in our country, to increase their role in the construction of family, state and society. 2000 is the year of the healthy generation. 2001 is the Year of Mothers and Children. The fact that 2012 is called the year of the strong family means that a woman's honor and value lie at the foundation of the family. In a country where women are respected, violence and brutality are not allowed. In order to increase the participation of women in the state and political affairs of the society, work is being carried out within the framework of the Constitution.

In a word, there is a woman, there is life, there is a woman, there is a nation, there is a woman, there is development, peace and tranquility, spirituality, spiritual and moral values. , a nation whose women are diligent, enterprising, and strong-willed is rich. Humans will always be as women want them to be, if you need great and virtuous people, teach women greatness and virtues."



"If a woman is happy, the family is happy, if the family is happy, the society is strong," said the First President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Islam Karimov. Indeed, since the happiness of women is the foundation of the strength of the society, its strengthening determines how our future will be. Since the state has created guarantees and legal bases for the protection of women's rights, we need to make efforts to ensure that every woman fully understands her rights after studying these privileges and guarantees.

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